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# Explain the following terms :- i) Daltons law of partial pressures

i) Daltons Law of partial pressure – It states that the total pressure of mixture of gases is equal to the sum of the partial pressures exerted by each gas when it occupies the mixture volume at the temperature of mixture.

Consider mixture of gas having constituents as gas a. gas b, gas c

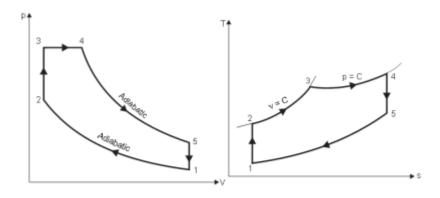
Then, Total pressure  $P_t = P_a + P_b + P_c$ 

ii) Relative humidity:- It is defined as the ratio of partial pressure of water vapour in a given volume of mixture to the partial pressure of water vapour when same volume of mixture is saturated at the same temperature.

$$\therefore \phi = \frac{P_{v}}{P_{v}sat} \times 100$$

# Explain w.r.to. dual cycle i) cutoff ratio ii) pressure ratio.

#### **Duel cycle:**

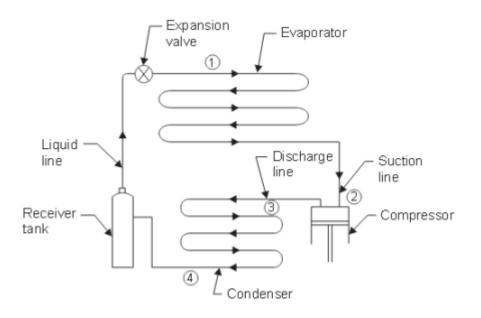


(i) Cut off ratio w.r.t. Duel Cycle: ρ = V<sub>4</sub>/V<sub>3</sub>

(ii) Pressure ratio w.r.t. Duel Cycle:  $\alpha = P_3/P_2$ 

# Draw a neat block diagram of □vapour compression cycle□.

#### **Block diagram of Vapour Compression cycle:**



#### Explain the term swept volume (V s ) w.r.to.

(i) Swept Volume (VS) w.r.t I.C.Engine: The volume swept through by the piston in moving between top dead centre and bottom dead centre is called swept volume or piston displacement. It is denoted by VS. It is equal to the area of the piston multiplied by its stroke length. Therefore, Swept Volume =  $\pi/4xD2$  xL

Where D = bore of the cylinder in m, and

L = stroke length in m.

## Define the following w.r.to. I.C. engine.

- (i) Indicated Power: The total power developed by combustion of fuel in the combustion chamber is called indicated power.
- (ii) Brake Power: The power developed by an engine at the output shaft is called brake power.
- (iii) Volumetric efficiency: It is defined as the ratio of the actual volume of the charge admitted into the cylinder to the swept volume of the piston is known as volumetric efficiency.
- ( iv) **Brake specific fuel consumption:** It is the mass of fuel consumed per kw developed per hour, and is a criterion of economical

State the advantages of closed cycle gas turbine over open cycle gas turbine

Advantages of closed cycle gas turbine over open cycle gas turbine: (i) It has higher thermal efficiency for the same minimum and maximum temperature limits and for the same pressure ratio. (ii) Since the heating is external, any kind of fuel even solid fuel having low calorific value may be used. (iii) There is no corrosion due to circulation of combustion product. (iv) As the system is a closed one there is no loss of the working fluid. (v) The size of the turbine will be smaller compared to an open cycle gas turbine of the same output.

### Turbojet engine working principle

Turbojet engine working principle

# State the advantages of lubricant additives (any four)....

Additives (1) Detergents - To keep engine parts, such as piston and piston rings, clean & free from deposits. (2) Dispersants - To suspend & disperse material that could form varnishes, sludge etc that clog the engine. (3) Anti - wear - To give added strength & prevent wear of heavily loaded surfaces such as crank shaft rods & main bearings. (4) Corrosion inhibitors - To fight the rust wear caused by acids moisture. Protect vital steel & iron parts from rust & corrosion.

Differentiate supercharging and turbocharging in I.C. engine.

#### Difference between Turbocharger and Supercharger

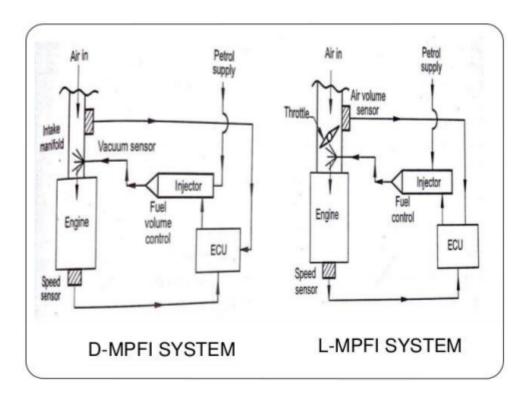
Turbocharger is a forced induction system that compresses the atmospheric gases and sends it to the engine cylinder.  It uses exhaust gases for its 2. energy.  It is not directly connected to 3. the engine.  It has smog altering equipment which helps in lowering the carbon emission.  It spins with a speed up to 5. 150000 rpm.  It is much quieter than 6. supercharger.  It is less reliable.  Responsible.  Responsible in turbocharger delivers their 9. boost better at high rpm.  It requires intercooler for the compressed air to lower its 11. temperature.  It requires intercooler for the compressed air to lower its 12. temperature.  It is more complex.  It is less complex.  It is less complex.  It is less complex.  It is less complex but the discontinuous supply of energy.  It is compressor is rotated by the engine for its energy.  It is directly connected to the engine cair and sends it to the engine cylinder.  It is directly connected to the engine through belt.  It is directly connected to the engine through engine for its energy.  It is directly connected to the engine through belt.  It is is directly connected to the engine through engine for its energy.  It is is meregy.  It is is meregy.  It is is meregy.  It is is mere waste gate, so the smog emits from the supercharger.  It spins with a speed upto 50000 rpm.  It spins with a speed upto 50000 rpm.  It is not so quieter.  Supercharger can deliver their boost at lower rpm.  It is less efficient.  The compressed air in turbocharger has high  It necompressed air in supercharger has less temperature.  It may or may not require intercooler. But in some types, it requires intercooler.  It has negligible lag problem because of continuous supply of energy by crankshaft.  The compressor is rotated by  The compressor is rotated by the engine crankshaft through a belt.	C	Though a sharrain a	C
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# Explain MPFI with neat sketch.

**Attempt any FOUR MPFI:** MPFI means Multipoint Injection System in which each cylinder has number of injector to supply / spray the fuel in cylinders.

- · The MPFI electronic system is also classified as
- D-MPFI system: The main input signal are the <u>intake</u> manifold pressure, Engine speed and flow volume of <u>air</u> which are sent to ECU to control the A/F ratio.
- L-MPFI system: The main input signal are <u>air flow</u> rate and engine speed to regulate fuel quantity injected.
- The both system mentioned above, sends the information of respective sensors to ECU and then ECU processes the information and sends commend to fuel injector to regulate fuel injected. Then the mixture formed enters into the engine.

MPFI result in 1. Superior fuel consumption, 2.Better fuel management, 3.Better engine performance, 4. Reduce pollution.



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